Enrollment No: Exam Seat No:
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# C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY **Summer Examination-2017**

**Subject Name: Basic Mathematics** 

**Subject Code: 2TE01BMT1 Branch: Diploma (All)** 

Semester: 1 Date: 22/03/2017 Time: 10:30 to 01:30 Marks: 70

#### **Instructions:**

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

# Q-1 Attempt the following questions:

(14)

- a)  $\log 1 =$ \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) 0 b) *e*
- c) 1 d) none of these
- **b**)  $\log_2 8 =$ \_\_\_\_\_.

  - a) 3 b) 2
- c) 1
- d) none of these
- c)  $\binom{n}{n} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

  - a) *n* b) 0
- c) 1
- d) n-1
- **d)** \_\_\_\_\_ is a constant term in the expansion of  $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{\circ}$ .

- a)  $7^{th}$  b)  $5^{th}$  c)  $4^{th}$  d)  $3^{rd}$
- e) Co-efficient of x in the expansion of  $(1+x)^4$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) 1
- b) 0

- f) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  is a square matrix then  $A' = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

- a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  d) none of these
- g) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$  then  $adjA = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .
- a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  b)  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$  c)  $\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  d)  $\begin{bmatrix} -4 & -2 \\ -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$



**h)** If 
$$\begin{vmatrix} x & 1 \\ 9 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
 then  $x =$ \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) 2 b) 0 c) 3

d) 1

i) 
$$\sec^2 30^\circ - \tan^2 30^\circ =$$
\_\_\_\_\_.  
a) -1 b) 0 c) 1 d) none of these

**j**) If 
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
 then the value of  $\sin 2\theta =$ \_\_\_\_\_.

a) 2 b) 0 c) 1 d) -1

**k**) 
$$\tan^{-1} x + \cot^{-1} x =$$
\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
a) -1 b) 0 c) 1 d) none of these

1) If 
$$\bar{a} = i + 2j + 3k$$
 then  $|\bar{a}| = ____.$ 

a) 1 b) 6 c)  $\sqrt{14}$  d) none of these

**m**) If vectors  $\overline{a}$  and  $\overline{b}$  are perpendicular to each other then  $\overline{a} \cdot \overline{b} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

a) 1 b) 0 c) -1 d) none of these

**n)** If  $\overline{a} = (2,1,0)$  and  $\overline{b} = (0,1,3)$  then  $\overline{a} \cdot \overline{b} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

a) 1

b) 0

c) 3 d) 6

Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8

## Attempt all questions

a) Solve: 
$$\frac{4\log 3 \times \log x}{\log 9} = \log 27$$
 (05)

**b)** Prove that 
$$\log_{10} 800 = 2 + 3\log_{10} 2$$
. (05)

c) Prove that 
$$\log_{\mathbf{v}}(\sqrt[5]{\mathbf{x}})\log_{\mathbf{z}}(\mathbf{y}^4)\log_{\mathbf{x}}(\sqrt[4]{\mathbf{z}^3}) = 1.$$
 (04)

# Q-3 Attempt all questions

**a)** If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  are two matrices then verify that  $(AB)^T = B^T A^T$  (05)

**b)** Find the inverse of the matrix 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
. (05)

c) If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 3 \\ 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  then find matrix  $A + 2B$  and  $3A - 4B$ . (04)

## Q-4 Attempt all questions

a) If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then find the value of  $A^2 - 4A$ . (05)





- **b)** Solve the equations 3x 2y = 8 and 5x + 4y = 6 by using matrix method. (05)
- c) Find the midterm of  $(2x+3y)^8$ . (04)

#### Q-5 Attempt all questions

- a) Find the co-efficient of  $x^6$  in the expansion of  $(x+2)^9$ . (05)
- **b)** Expand:  $(x+2)^5$  (05)
- c) If the midterm of  $\left(\frac{x}{3} + 3\right)^{10}$  is 8064 then find the value of x. (04)

### Q-6 Attempt all questions

- a) Find the constant term of  $\left(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{3}{x}\right)^8$ . (05)
- **b)** Simplify:  $(10i + 2j + 3k) \cdot [(i 2j + 2k) \times (3i 2j 2k)].$  (05)
- c) Prove that angle between two vectors i + 2j and i + j + 3k is  $\sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{46}{55}}\right)$ . (04)

#### Q-7 Attempt all questions

- a) Prove that  $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{4} + \sin^2 \frac{3\pi}{4} + \sin^2 \frac{5\pi}{4} + \sin^2 \frac{7\pi}{4} = 2$ . (05)
- **b**) Forces  $F_1 = i + 2j 3k$  and  $F_2 = i j + 2k$  act on a particle under the influence of these forces, particle moves from point (3,1,2) to (1,3,-1). Find the work done.
- c) If  $\bar{a} = (2,1,0)$ ,  $\bar{b} = (1,-1,3)$  and  $\bar{c} = (-1,2,1)$  then find  $\bar{a} + 2\bar{b} 3\bar{c}$  and  $|\bar{a} + 2\bar{b} 3\bar{c}|$ . (04)

## Q-8 Attempt all questions

- a) Prove that  $\frac{\sin 2A + \sin 4A + \sin 6A + \sin 8A}{\cos 2A + \cos 4A + \cos 6A + \cos 8A} = \tan 5A.$  (05)
- **b)** Draw the graph of  $y = \sin x$ ,  $0 \le x \le \pi$ . (05)
- c) Prove that  $\tan^{-1} \frac{5}{7} + \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{6} = \frac{\pi}{4}$  (04)

